Table 1 Traffic light system for identifying likelihood of serious illness

Green – low risk	Amber – intermediate risk	Red – high risk
Normal colour of skin, lips and tongue	 Pallor reported by parent/carer 	Pale/mottled/ashen/blue
 Responds normally to social cues Content/smiles Stays awake or awakens quickly Strong normal cry/ not crying 	 Not responding normally to social cues Wakes only with prolonged stimulation Decreased activity No smile 	 No response to social cues Appears ill to a healthcare professional Unable to rouse or if roused does not stay awake Weak, high-pitched or continuous cry
	 Nasal flaring Tachypnoea: RR > 50 breaths/minute age 6–12 months RR > 40 breaths/minute age > 12 months Oxygen saturation 95% in air Crackles 	 Grunting Tachypnoea: – RR > 60 breaths/minute Moderate or severe chest indrawing
Normal skin and eyesMoist mucous membranes	 Dry mucous membrane Poor feeding in infants CRT ≥ 3 seconds Reduced urine output 	Reduced skin turgor
None of the amber or red symptoms or signs	 Fever for ≥ 5 days Swelling of a limb or joint Non-weight bearing/ not using an extremity A new lump > 2 cm 	 Age 0–3 months, temperature ≥ 38°C Age 3–6 months, temperature ≥ 39°C Non-blanching rash Bulging fontanelle Neck stiffness Status epilepticus Focal neurological signs Focal seizures Bile-stained vomiting
	 Normal colour of skin, lips and tongue Responds normally to social cues Content/smiles Stays awake or awakens quickly Strong normal cry/not crying Normal skin and eyes Moist mucous membranes None of the amber or 	 Normal colour of skin, lips and tongue Responds normally to social cues Content/smiles Stays awake or awakens quickly Strong normal cry/not crying Nasal flaring Tachypnoea: